MAT 161—Sample Final Exam

Name: _____

Calculators are NOT allowed. Show all work using correct mathematical notation.

1. Calculate each of the following limits.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^{3x} - 1}{x}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 1^+} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 1}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 5} \frac{\sqrt{3x+1}-4}{x-5}$$

- 2. Sketch the graph of a function y = f(x) with the following properties:
 - (i) f is continuous but not differentiable at x = -1
 - (ii) f(-2) = 0
 - (iii) f'(-3) = 0
 - (iv) $\lim_{x \to 1^+} f(x) = -\infty$
 - (v) $\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) = 2$

3. Find the derivative of each of the following functions.

(a)
$$f(x) = x \ln x$$

(b)
$$g(x) = \frac{\cos(x^3)}{x}$$

(c)
$$h(x) = (1 + \sin^4 x)^{2/3}$$

(d)
$$w(x) = x^{\tan x}$$

(e)
$$F(x) = \int_{2}^{x} \sqrt{t^{3} + 1} dt$$

4. Evaluate each of the following integrals.

(a)
$$\int \left(\frac{3}{x} + \frac{4}{x^2}\right) dx$$

(b)
$$\int x^4 e^{x^5} dx$$

(c)
$$\int_0^1 (x^2 + \sqrt{x}) \, dx$$

(d)
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^6 x \cos x \, dx$$

(e)
$$\int_0^3 \frac{dx}{9+x^2}$$

- 5. Consider the function $f(x) = x^3 3x^2 + 1$.
 - (a) Find the intervals of increase or decrease.
 - (b) Find the intervals of concavity.

(c) Sketch a graph of the function, clearly labeling the coordinates of all local extrema and inflection points.

6. State the definition of the derivative in terms of a limit, and use it to calculate the derivative of $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x$. No credit will be given for shortcut methods.

7. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $x^4 + x^2y + y^3 = 11$ at the point (1, 2).

8. A balloon is rising at a constant speed of 5 ft/sec. A boy is cycling along a straight road at a speed of 15 ft/sec. When the boy passes under the balloon, it is 45 feet above him. How fast is the distance between the boy and the balloon increasing 3 seconds later?

9. A farmer with 750 feet of fencing wants to enclose a rectangular area and then divide it into three pens with fencing parallel to one side of the rectangle. Find the largest possible total enclosed area, and justify that your solution is a maximum.

- 10. The acceleration of a particle (in m/s²) after t seconds is given by a(t) = 2t + 4, and the particle's velocity at t = 1 is 7 m/s.
 - (a) Find the particle's velocity function v(t).

(b) Find the distance traveled by the particle between t = 0 and t = 10.

11. Consider the area under the curve f(x) = e^{-x} on the interval [0, 1].
(a) Compute the estimate L₄, and show your rectangles on a sketch of the region.

(b) Which of the following gives the exact area under the curve?

(i)
$$\lim_{N \to \infty} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \frac{e^{-j/N}}{N}$$
 (ii) $\lim_{x \to 1} \sum_{j=0}^{x} j e^{-j}$ (iii) $\lim_{N \to 0} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \frac{e^{-j/N}}{N}$ (iv) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \sum_{j=0}^{x} j e^{-j}$

12. Given that
$$\int_{1}^{7} f(x) dx = 9$$
 and $\int_{1}^{4} f(x) dx = 13$, evaluate $\int_{4}^{7} (2f(x) + 5) dx$